



Edmonton Tag Rugby



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# Edmonton Tag Rugby

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Definitions Section  
 Term Definition

**Advantage:** The Law of Advantage takes precedence over most other Laws and its purpose is to make play more continuous with fewer stoppages for infringements. Players are encouraged to play to the whistle despite infringements by their opponents. When the result of an infringement by one team is that their opponents may gain an advantage, the referee does not whistle immediately for the infringement, the referee allows play to continue with the option to return to the original offence. The referee is the sole judge of whether or not a team has gained an Advantage and has wide discretion when making decisions. When the referee is playing Advantage he/she shall shout “advantage”. When the referee determines that an Advantage has been gained he/she shall shout “advantage over”.

- Attacker:** Is a player from the team in possession of the ball.
- Attacking Team:** The team in possession of the ball.
- Ball Carrier:** A player carrying/controlling the ball.
- Ball Player:** Is the player who plays the ball, by kicking, passing or controlling it.
- Captain:** The Captain is a player nominated by the team. Only the Captain is entitled to consult the referee during the match and is solely responsible for choosing options relating to the referee’s decisions.
- Changeover:** Is the surrendering of the ball to the opposing side.
- Defender:** Is a player from the team not in possession of the ball.
- Defending Team:** Is the team not in possession of the ball.

**Defending/Offside Line:** Is a line of Defenders. This line is parallel to the tryline and is set a minimum distance of seven (7) meters from the Ruck Ball. The distance is ten (10) metres in respect of Penalties, Kick-Offs, Restart-Kicks and Drop-Kicks. In open play there is no Offside line.

**Drop-Kick:** The ball is released from the hand and is kicked as it rebounds off the ground.

**Field of Play:** Is the playing area between the touchline and the tryline and does not include the touchlines.

**Forward Pass:** Is passing or throwing the ball forward towards the opposing teams try line.

**Foul Play:** Is anything a person does within the playing enclosure that is against the letter and spirit of the Laws of the game. It includes, but is not limited to, obstruction, unfair play, repeated infringements, dangerous play and misconduct which are prejudicial to the game and shall be construed in accordance with Rule 10.

**Golden Try:** In the event of a play-off match being tied at the end of normal time the referee will allow play to continue for a maximum of five (5) minutes. Play does not stop nor do the teams change ends. The team that scores the next try will be declared the winner. If there is no try scored within the 5 minutes of additional time the following shall apply:

One player from each team will grubber kick a ball – closest to the target is the winner.

**Grubber-Kick:** A Kick that does not go above a height of one and a half (1.5) meters.

**In-Goal:** Is the area between the tryline and the dead-ball line.

In instances where there is no dead-ball line marked on the pitch the in-goal area is defined as the area between the treeline and the boundary of the playing field. In the interest of safety the referee has discretion to declare the ball dead at any time in this area.

**Kick:** A Kick is made by hitting the ball with any part of the leg or foot, from the toe to the knee but not including the knee; a Kick must move the ball a visible distance out of the hand, or along the ground. Stopping or attempting to stop a ball in motion is not considered a kick.

**Kicking Team:** Is the team kicking the ball.

**Kick-Off:** The Kick-Off occurs at the start of the match and the restart of the match after half time and shall be by way of Drop-Kick from the half way line.

**Kick-Off Point:** Is the position at the centre of the half way line from which the Kick-Off shall occur.

**Knock-On:** A Knock-On occurs when a player loses possession of the ball and it goes forward, or when a player hits the ball forward with the hand or arm, and the ball touches the ground or another player before the original player can catch it. Forward means towards the opposing teams try line.

Knock Back: Is to knock the ball back towards one's own tryline with the hand or arm.

Late Tag: If an Attacker is tagged after passing or kicking the ball, the referee may call "Late Tag"

**Mark:** A player must make a clean catch directly from an attacker's kick and at the same time shout "Mark". A Mark cannot be made from a Kick-off, or a restart kick.

**Marker:** Is a Defender who may stand at least one (1) metre directly in front of the player conducting the Ruck Ball.

**Obstruction:** Is the act of preventing an opponent from playing the game, by pushing, holding, blocking or crossing.

**Offside Player:** Is a Defender not back the required distance at any restart of the game which includes a Ruck Ball and also an Attacker who is in front of the player in possession of the ball from his own team.

**Pass:** A player throws the ball to another player or hands the ball to another player without throwing it.

**Penalise:** Is to award a Penalty against an offending player.

**Penalty:** A penalty is awarded by a referee where provided in the Laws and shall be taken by way of Tap-Kick from where the infringement occurs, unless otherwise provided in the Laws.

**Penalty Try:** If in the opinion of a referee a Try would probably have scored but for an infringement by an opponent, a Penalty Try may be awarded. A Penalty Try is worth 3 points in all matches.

**Phantom Tag:** Defender's calls „Tag“ without physically removing the tag

**Restart-Kick:** Restart-Kicks occur after a Try is scored and shall be taken by way of Drop-Kick by the team who scored the Try from the centre of the halfway line.

**Ruck Ball:** When the tagged player rolls the ball backwards with the hand or foot between his/her legs. The ball may roll a maximum of one (1) meter. This is also known as Roll Ball. (Ruck Ball)

**Scrum Half:** Is the player who takes up position immediately behind the ball player during the Ruck Ball. A Scrum-Half may also be known as a dummy-half.

**Tap-Kick:** A deliberate touch of the ball with any part of the leg or foot up to the knee whilst in the hand or on the ground. The ball does not have to leave the hand.

**Try:** When an Attacker is first to ground the ball in the opponents' In-Goal, a Try is awarded.

**Tagging:** Is removing a tag from an Attacker.

## **LAW 1: PLAYING THE GAME**

1.1 The objective of the game is that two teams each consisting of seven players, observing fair play, adhering to the Laws and sporting spirit of the game, should by carrying, passing, kicking and grounding the ball, score as many points as possible, the team scoring the greater number of points being the winners of the match in question.

It is essential that players play the game in accordance with the Laws of the game and are mindful of the safety of themselves and others. It is the responsibility of the Captain to ensure compliance with the Laws of the game and in accordance with safe practices.

1.2 A match shall last twenty minutes divided into two halves each of ten minutes playing time.\*\*TBC

1.3 The referee organises the toss. The winner of the toss decides whether to Kick-Off or to choose an end. If the winner of the toss decides to choose an end, the opponents must kick-Off and vice versa.

1.4 The Field of Play shall be a maximum of 70 metres long by 50 metres wide with an In-Goal area of up to 5 metres.

1.5 A match is started by a Kick-Off. After the Kick-Off, any player who is not offside may take the ball and run with it. Any player may Pass the ball or Kick it. Any player may ground the ball in the In-Goal.

Whatever a player does must be in accordance with the Laws of the game.

- 1.6 The Attacking Team has six (6) “tags” in which to score a Try. A Changeover occurs after the sixth tag.
- 1.7 The Ball Carrier may be tagged by Defenders in order to prevent him/her from running with the ball, or kicking or passing the ball to his/her team mates.
- 1.8 A player not in possession of the ball cannot be tagged or obstructed during the game.
- 1.9 The Law of Advantage takes precedence over most other Laws and its purpose is to make play more continuous with fewer stoppages for infringements. Players are encouraged to play to the whistle despite infringements by their opponents. When the result of an infringement by one team is that their opponents may gain an advantage, the referee does not whistle immediately for the infringement, the referee allows play to continue with option to return to the original offence. The referee is the sole judge of whether or not a team has gained an Advantage and has wide discretion when making decisions. When the referee is playing Advantage he/she shall shout “*advantage*”. When the referee determines that an advantage has been gained he/she shall shout “*advantage over*”.

## **LAW 2: PLAYERS AND PLAYING EQUIPMENT**

2.1 **CLOTHING:** t-shirts or jerseys **MUST** be tucked into shorts at all times so tags and tag belt are clearly visible and attainable

### **Sanction: Penalty**

2.2 Shorts must have no pockets. Players with shorts with pockets will **NOT** be allowed on the field.

2.3 A team must have no more than seven (7) players on the Field of Play at any one time. There may be any number of authorised replacements and/or substitutes. The maximum number of players per squad for any given match is twelve (12). Any players not playing in at least 3 matches prior to the play-offs/semi-finals/finals may not play in those play-offs/semi-finals/finals.

A player may only play for 1 team per venue per night.

2.4 In the case of social/mixed leagues games, the maximum number of male players on the field at anytime is four (4).

2.5 If, in the event of a team in the mixed game not having the required number of females, and both Captains agree, the game can be played with a greater number of male players. This Law shall not apply in respect of Play-Offs, Semi-Finals or Finals.

If the captains do not agree, the team not having the required number of players may start the match with a minimum of six (6) players. In this instance the maximum number of male players on the field at anytime remains at four (4).

In any case where a team does not have the required number of players to start the match (minimum of six (6) players) that team may forfeit the match. The result will be recorded as a ten (10) points to nil (0) victory for the opposition. Only then may a player or players from a different team or teams be used to make up the numbers to play a game.

2.6 There will be no stoppage of play when replacements are made. The player being replaced must leave the field of play before the replacement player can participate in the game. All replacements during the game shall come into the Field of Play from the same side of the Field of Play.

2.7 If a player has an open or bleeding wound he/she must leave the playing area immediately. The player may not return until the bleeding has been controlled and the wound has been covered.

2.8 A player must not wear any item that is contaminated by blood. A player must not wear any item that is sharp or abrasive. A player must not wear any items containing buckles, clips, rings, hinges, zippers, screws, bolts or rigid material or projection not otherwise permitted under this law. A player must not wear jewellery such as rings or earrings. A player must not wear spectacles or goggles. A player must not wear any item that is normally permitted by Law, but, in the referee's opinion that is liable to cause injury to a player. A player must not wear a single stud at the toe of the boot.

2.9 The referee should inspect players' equipment prior to the commencement of the game and if necessary the referee can prevent a player from participating in the game if he/she considers a player's equipment dangerous.

3.0 The referee is the sole judge of fact in relation to the Laws of the game and their enforcement. His/her decision is final.

### **LAW 3: SCORING**

3.1 When an Attacker is first to ground the ball in the opponents' In-Goal, a Try is scored. In the mixed games, a Try scored by a female player shall be worth three (3) points and a Try scored by a male player shall be worth one (1) point. A penalty try shall be worth three (3) points in all games.

3.3 Attackers may dive to score a Try when the ball is in their possession and there is no Defender within tagging distance. The referee may at his/her discretion not award a Try where an Attacker dives in order to ground the ball.

3.4 A Try shall not be awarded where from a Kick by the attacking team an Attacker dives on a ball over the tryline or grounds the ball without having carried it over the tryline. From a Kick an Attacker must collect the ball before crossing the tryline and ground the ball in order to score a Try.

3.5 A player cannot pass the ball to another player after crossing the tryline nor can he/she run back into the field of play to pass the ball to another player thus allowing that player to score a Try. A tag will be called 5 metres out from the tryline if this occurs. When this occurs on the sixth tag a Changeover shall be awarded.

3.6 If an attacking Ball Carrier touches the ground with the knees or arms before the tryline, or slides across the tryline and then grounds the ball, a Try may be awarded, save where Law 5.6 applies.

3.7 In Pool matches the game shall be won by the team scoring the most points. If the score is equal or if both teams fail to score, then the game shall be a tie/draw. In the event of a tie in play-off games the Golden Try law shall apply.

3.8 Golden Try. In the event of a play-off match being tied at the end of normal time the referee will allow play to continue for a maximum of five (5) minutes. Play does not stop nor do the teams change ends. The team that scores the next try will be declared the winner. If there is no try scored within the 5 minutes of additional time the following shall apply.

The team that scored the most tries in regular time will be declared the winner. In this case all tries scored in regular time are worth 1 point. If the teams are still tied on number of tries scored the team that scored the first try in regular time will be declared the winner. If neither team scored in regular time the team that

ranked higher in the pool stages of the competition will be declared the winner. If the teams were ranked equally after the pool stages of the competition the winner will be decided by a coin toss. The coin toss will be conducted by the match referee.

#### **LAW 4: DEFENCE**

4.1 The progress of the Ball Carrier is halted if a Defender removes one or both of the Ball Carrier's tags. If both tags are removed by one or more Defender then the point where the first tag was removed will be where the Ruck Ball occurs

4.2 When a tag is removed, the Defender must hold it in the air where the tag was made, drop or place it at that point and assume a Marker position or return to the Defensive Line. The Ball Carrier must return to the point where the tag was removed, conduct a Ruck Ball and then replace his/her tag(s). The Defender must not throw the Tag away from where the tag was made.

4.3 When a Ball Carrier is in the action of a Ruck Ball, the Defensive Line must be at least seven (7) meters back from the Ruck Ball line and there may only be one Marker. A Penalty shall be awarded at the point where the Offside player(s) should have been standing in the Defensive Line.

#### **Sanction: Penalty**

4.4 The Marker must stand directly in front of and 1m away from the player conducting the Ruck Ball. The Marker and the Defensive Line can only move forward when the ball is touched/played by the Scrum Half. (See Law 5.16 in this regard).

#### **Sanction: Penalty**

4.5 If the Attacking Team fails to score before the sixth tag has been made, they will lose possession of the ball and a Changeover shall occur where the 6th tag has occurred.

4.6 A player may defend with one or no tags, however if he/she receives the ball he/she must immediately play the ball. i.e. Pass or Kick the ball and may not take more than one step in doing so. If he/she does not play the ball immediately a tag will be called.

4.7 A Defender may block down a Grubber Kick without a Knock-On being called by the referee and the game goes on with normal playing laws applying.

4.8 The referee should consider playing Advantage prior to penalizing either team. A Penalty may be awarded at the point of the infringement in the following circumstances:

(A) If a Defender deliberately obstructs a Ball Carrier and contact is made, the Defender will be judged as initiating this contact.

#### **(B) Sanction: Penalty**

(C) If a Defender in the referee's opinion deliberately attempts to impede an Attacker with or without the ball.

#### **Sanction: Penalty**

(D) If a Defender holds onto an Attacker and no Advantage is gained by the Attacking Team, a Penalty may be awarded.

#### **Sanction: Penalty**

(E) If a Defender calls “tag” without physically removing the tag, play may continue, but a Penalty may be awarded if no Advantage is gained.

**Sanction: Penalty**

(F) If a Defender tags an Attacking Player and throws the tag away from the mark where the tag occurred the referee may award a penalty.

**Sanction: Penalty**

(G) If the Marker fails to stand directly in-line with the Ruck Ball.

**Sanction: Penalty**

(H) If the Marker interferes with the ball player at the Ruck Ball.

**Sanction: Penalty**

(I) If the Marker attempts to play the ball whilst the ball is being rolled.

**Sanction: Penalty**

4.9 If a Defender removes an Attacker’s tag(s) without the Attacker being in possession of the ball, the referee has the following options:-

(A) If it is a simultaneous tag and off load, no action is taken and the Attacker must replace the tag before being able to attack again. The referee will call “Ball away, Play on”.

(B) If an Attacker is tagged after passing or kicking the ball, the referee may call “Advantage, Late Tag” and allow the Attacker to progress with one or no tags until the next tag is made by the Defending Team or the ball goes out of the Field of Play. This may result in the player scoring a Try with one or no tags. An Attacker with one or no tags shall be deemed to have been tagged if a Defender comes within tagging distance

(C) Penalise the Defender and at his option sin bin a repeat offender.

**Sanction: Penalty**

(D) If an Attacker not in possession is tagged before receiving the ball the referee will call “Advantage, Early tag”. The referee will then play the Advantage and adopt / follow (B) and (C), if deemed necessary.

4.10 If a Defender is less than seven (7) metres from the Ruck Ball when the ball is being played that player is Offside and a Penalty may be awarded at the point where the Offside player(s) should have been standing in the Defensive Line.

**Sanction: Penalty**

4.11 Under no circumstances can the Marker run around and retrieve the ball from the Scrum Half position. See Law 5.16 in this regard. **Sanction: Penalty**

## **LAW 5: ATTACKING**

5.1 When in possession of the ball, the Ball Carrier can attempt to position the ball further downfield by running, kicking or passing the ball to his/her team-mates. An Attacker may only progress the ball with both tags unless Advantage is being played due to a late/early tag.



- 5.2 When a Ball Carrier has one or more tags removed by Defender, the Ball Carrier must return to the point where the first tag was removed and play a Ruck Ball without delay. If the Ruck Ball is conducted from the wrong place the referee will order the Ruck Ball to be conducted from the correct place.
- 5.3 Another Attacking Team player may take up a position directly behind the ball player and assume the Scrum-Half position.
- 5.4 A tagged player may, if there is no Marker replace both of his/her tags, Tap-Kick the ball and play on. If the tagged player is missing one or both tags he/she may only Tap-Kick the ball and then Pass or Kick the ball taking no more than one (1) step.
- 5.5 If the Attacking Team is tagged a sixth (6th) time the Attacker must place the ball on the ground or hand it to an opposition player and a Changeover shall occur.
- 5.6 If the Ball Carrier falls or dives to the ground, and a Defender is within tagging distance, a tag shall be counted. A Try shall not be awarded if the Attacker in possession of the ball falls or dives over the tryline and in doing so prevents a Tagging. The Ball Carrier shall be asked to conduct a Ruck Ball no less than five (5) metres out from the tryline and the tag count will continue. If this occurs on the last tag a Changeover will occur.
- 5.7 If any Attacker is tagged in the opposition In-Goal before he/she scores a Try, he/she shall be asked to conduct a Ruck Ball five (5) metres out from the tryline, and the tag count will continue.
- 5.8 An Attacker may receive a Pass behind their own tryline or may run behind their own tryline when in possession of the ball. If a Ball Carrier is tagged behind their own tryline, play shall restart with a Drop-Kick from the centre of their tryline.
- 5.9 The Scrum Half can Pass or Kick the ball with only one tag on as long as they do so immediately (one step). If he/she plays on taking more than one step, the referee will call them back to the mark and the next tag will be counted. There he/she must replace his/her tags.
- 5.10 If the Ball Carrier comes into contact with the referee whilst trying to evade a tag, a tag will be called at the previous tag count and a Ruck Ball shall take place at the position where the Ball Carrier came into contact with the referee.
- 5.11 Where a referee interferes with play and in his/her opinion has prevented a Tagging the referee shall call a tag at the previous tag count, at the position where the tag would have occurred.
- ATTACKING TEAM CHANGEOVERS**
- 5.12 If an Attacker is tagged over the tryline prior to grounding the ball for a Try and it is the last tag, a Changeover will be awarded to the Defending Team five (5) metres out from the tryline.
- 5.13 When the Ball Carrier crosses the touchline before their tag is removed, a Changeover will be awarded to the Defending Team five (5) metres in-field from where the Ball Carrier crossed the touchline.
- 5.14 When the Ball Carrier accidentally steps over the touchline whilst playing the ball, a Changeover will be awarded to the Defending Team five (5) metres in-field from where the Ball Carrier stepped over the touchline.
- 5.15 If the Ball Carrier Knocks-On, a Changeover will be awarded to the Defending Team at the point where the Ball Carrier Knocks-On.

5.16 If the Scrum Half is not in position within three (3) seconds of the ball being played at a Ruck Ball, a Changeover will be awarded to the Defending Team the point where the original Ruck Ball was played. The Referee will determine this time period.

### **ATTACKING INFRINGEMENTS**

5.17 The referee may award a Penalty where an infringement occurs in the following circumstances:

(A) The Ball Carrier must not attempt to bump or fend off a Defender in their attempts to remove a tag nor whilst chasing the ball. The Ball

Carrier can in no way protect his /her tags with their hands, elbows, ball etc.

#### **Sanction: Penalty**

(B) The ball carrier must not jump to avoid being tagged. In mixed games the ball carrier may not spin/swivel through 360° to avoid being tagged. A side step is allowed. A 360° spin is permitted in men only matches (including men only veterans matches). Any contact initiated in an attempted spin or swivel is liable to sanction. The onus is on the ball carrier to avoid contact.

#### **Sanction: Penalty**

(C) If changing direction while in possession of the ball, the Ball Carrier steps into a Defender endeavouring to make a tag a Penalty may be awarded. The Onus is on the ball carrier to avoid contact unless Law 4.8(A) applies.

#### **Sanction: Penalty**

(D) If an Attacker prevents a Defender from executing a tag by running behind his/her team mate/s causing an obstruction, this is deemed to be crossing.

#### **Sanction: Penalty**

(E) If the Ball Carrier executes a voluntary tag by deliberately playing a Ruck Ball with both tags intact.

#### **Sanction: Penalty**

(F) If the Ball Carrier deliberately removes his/her own tag.

#### **Sanction: Penalty**

(G) If the Ball Carrier interferes with the Marker at the Ruck Ball.

#### **Sanction: Penalty**

(H) If the ball is deliberately knocked on by a player.

#### **Sanction: Penalty**

(I) If the ball is deliberately passed in a forward direction.

#### **Sanction: Penalty**

## **LAW 6: KICKING LAWS**

There are only four (4) situations in EdmontonTAG rugby where kicking the ball is allowed:

(A) Each Kick-Off and Restart-Kick shall be by way of Drop-Kick.

(B) A Drop-Kick may be ordered by the referee in accordance with Rule 5.8.

(C) When a Tap-Kick is used to restart play after a penalty.

(D) A Grubber-Kick is permitted in general play.

If an Attacker Kicks the ball in open play (i.e. not from a Kick-Off, Restart-Kick or Drop-Kick) the following shall apply:

(A) If a member of the Kicking Team gathers or re-gathers a ball that has not touched a member of the opposing team, play shall continue and the tag count shall continue.

(B) If a member of the Kicking Team gathers or re-gathers a ball that has struck a member of the opposing team who has not played at the ball, play shall continue and the tag count shall continue.

(C) If a member of the Kicking Team gathers or re-gathers a ball that has struck and been played at by a member of the opposing team, play shall continue and the tag count shall be restarted.

In open play the ball may only be kicked from hand and not while it is on the ground or while it is in the air, having hit the ground.

**Sanction: Penalty**

If, in the referee's opinion, a player deliberately kicks the ball directly towards an opponent in order to illicit an infringement a penalty may be awarded for dangerous play.

**Sanction: Penalty**

**KICK-OFF, RESTART-KICK AND DROP-KICK LAWS**

Note: In this Law all references to Kick-Offs should be construed as including Restart-Kicks and Drop-Kicks.

6.1 When a Try is scored the scoring team shall take a Restart-Kick to restart play from the centre of the half way line.

6.2 From a Kick-Off the ball must travel forward at least ten (10) metres. The Kicking Team may not take possession of the ball or obstruct a player from the receiving team until it has been first played / touched by the receiving team, or until the ball has bounced in the Field of Play having gone at least ten (10) metres.

Kicking Team players must stay at least two (2) metres away from a potential receiver while the ball is in the air. The onus is on the kicking team not to make any contact with the receiver.

**Sanction: Penalty**

6.3 The Kicking Team may not play the ball if it has not travelled at least Ten (10) metres otherwise a Penalty shall be awarded. However the receiving team may play the ball if it has gone less than ten (10) metres and in this case play shall continue.

6.4 The players from the Kicking Team must be behind the ball when it is kicked. If a player from the Kicking Team is Offside and interferes with a player from the receiving team and/or the ball, a Penalty shall be awarded from where the interference took place.

**Sanction: Penalty**

6.5 The opposing team may be spread out across the field in various formations, but they must be at least ten (10) metres from the kicker at the time of the Kick-Off.

**Sanction: Penalty**

6.6 From a Kick-Off the ball must land in the Field of Play, otherwise a Penalty shall be awarded from where the Kick-Off took place.

**Sanction: Penalty**

6.7 If the ball from a Kick-Off lands in the Field of Play and bounces over the touchline, a Changeover will be awarded and the receiving team will restart with a Ruck Ball five (5) metres in-field from the touchline where the ball crossed the touchline.

6.8 The ball must not hit the roof at Commonwealth field house or any indoor venue.

**Sanction: Penalty**

6.9 If the ball from the Kick-Off lands in the Field of Play and travels over the receiving team's tryline without being touched by the receiving team, play will restart with a Ruck Ball from the centre of the half way line by the receiving team.

6.10 If the ball is caught by a receiving team player on the full over the tryline the referee will call "play on".

6.11 A Drop-Kick may be ordered by the referee in accordance with Law 5.8 or Law 6.20. The ball from such a Drop-Kick must land or be played at within the Field of Play before going over the touchline or tryline. The same Laws apply as per the Kick-Off, save as provided for below. The onus is on the Kicking Team not to make contact with the receiver and to keep two (2) metres distance from the potential receiver while ball is in the air.

6.12 Where a Drop-Kick is ordered from the centre of the tryline, the players of the Kicking Team must not cross the tryline until the ball is kicked. The team receiving the ball may be spread out across the field in various formations; however they must be at least ten (10) metres from the tryline at the time of the Drop-Kick.

6.13 If the ball from the Drop-Kick from the tryline lands in the Field of Play and bounces over the touchline, a Changeover will be awarded to the receiving team, five (5) metres in-field from the touchline where the ball crossed the touchline.

6.14 If the ball from a Drop-Kick taken from the tryline, lands in the Field of Play and bounces over the receiving teams try line not having been touched or played at by the receivers, the receiving team shall restart the game with a Ruck Ball ten (10) meters from the opponent's tryline. However, if the ball is played or is caught on the full over the tryline by the receiving team, the referee will call "play on".

**GENERAL PLAY KICKING**

6.15 The Attacking Team may Kick the ball at any time while in possession. The ball must not go higher than one and a half (1.5) metres shoulders for a Grubber Kick. **Sanction: Penalty**

6.16 Only Attacking Team players behind the kicker when the ball is kicked are onside. If an Attacker is onside he/she may chase the ball to retrieve the ball or affect a tag subject to the Kicking Laws.

6.17 If an Attacker is in front of the kicker when the ball is kicked, this player is Offside and cannot effect a tag until either the ball receiver has run at least ten (10) metres in any direction or the kicker runs past the Offside player and puts him/her onside. When the Offside player is put onside in this manner he/she can effect a tag.

6.18 If, from a Kick, an Offside Attacker deliberately plays the ball or effects a tag, a Penalty shall be awarded at the point of the Tagging or playing of the ball.

**Sanction: Penalty**

6.19 The receiving team may take possession from a Kick and elect to Kick the ball back downfield to gain a territorial advantage.

6.20 If the ball is kicked and bounces in the Field of Play and crosses the receiving team's tryline they will receive a Changeover ten (10) metres out from the tryline in the centre of the field.

6.21 If the ball is kicked and it crosses the receiving team's tryline after it strikes a player from the receiving team who has deliberately played at the ball, a Drop-Kick from the centre of the receiving team's tryline will restart play. If the ball strikes a player from the receiving team who has not played at the ball deliberately then a Changeover shall be awarded to the receiving team ten (10) metres from the tryline at the centre of the field.

6.22 If an Attacker or the kicker deliberately impedes the progress of a Defender who is attempting to take possession of the ball after a Kick, then a Penalty shall be awarded to the Defending Team at the point where the Defender was impeded.

**Sanction: Penalty**

6.23 An Attacker cannot dive on the ball if a Kick has been made. A Penalty may be awarded if he/she does so.

**Sanction: Penalty**

6.24 A Defender may go to ground/dive on the ball to gain possession only after it has been kicked and only if they do not make contact with any other player. A zero tag will then be called.

**KICKING CHANGEOVERS**

6.25 If a Grubber-Kick travels higher than 1.5 metre, a penalty will be awarded to the Defending Team at the place where the ball was kicked.

**Sanction: Penalty**

6.26 If the ball is kicked and it goes out of the Field of Play on the full, the receiving team will receive a Changeover at the point where the Kick was taken.

6.27 If the ball is kicked and it lands in the Field of Play then rolls out over the touchline, the receiving team will play a ruck ball five (5) metres infield from where the ball crossed the touchline. If the ball is kicked and strikes a member of the receiving team who has deliberately played at the ball and the ball then rolls over the touchline, the Kicking Team shall play a Ruck Ball five (5) metres in from where the ball crossed the touchline and the tag count will be restarted.

6.28 If a member of the Attacking Team is in front of the kicker when the ball is kicked and the ball accidentally strikes that Offside player, a Changeover shall be awarded to the Defending Team at the point of the Kick. The referee may allow a Defender an Advantage if he/she gains possession of the ball.

6.29 If a Kick hits the referee and play is irregularly affected to the benefit of either team a Ruck Ball will restart play at the previous tag count where the ball hit the referee. If play is not irregularly effected a referee may call "*play on*".

6.30 If a kicker is interfered with after kicking the ball or one of his/her team-mates giving chase is interfered with, a Penalty shall be awarded where the ball first bounces or is stopped by an opposing player or if the ball crosses the touchline the Penalty is given five (5) metres in field from the point the ball first crossed the touchline.

**Sanction: Penalty**

6.31 If a player from the Kicking Team chasing a Kick is obstructed and the ball rolls over the tryline, the Penalty shall be awarded to the Kicking team, no less than five (5) metres in from the touchline in the Field of Play and opposite to where the ball crossed the tryline and no less than five (5) metres out from the tryline, or at the point where the player was impeded.

**Sanction: Penalty**

**LAW 7: KNOCK-ON AND KNOCK-BACK**

7.1 A Changeover will be awarded to the non offending team in the case of a Knock-On.

7.2 A player may not Knock-On deliberately and a Penalty may be awarded if he/she does so.

**Sanction: Penalty**

7.3 If an Attacker propels the ball in a backward direction play will continue.

7.4 If the Attacking Team causes the ball to come into contact with the ground by a Knock-On, the Defending Team may play the ball and look to gain an Advantage.

7.5 If an Attacker Knocks-On and no Advantage is gained by the Defending Team, the ball is returned to the point of the original offence and the Defending Team will restart with a Ruck Ball.

7.6 If the Attacking Team commits an offence and the Defending Team takes possession and gain an Advantage the referee will allow the game to go on. If no Advantage has been gained by the Defending Team, the ball will be returned back to the point of the original offence and the Defending Team will restart with a Ruck Ball.

7.7 A player in possession of the ball may not deliberately throw the ball out of the field of play.

**Sanction: Penalty**

**LAW 8: PENALTIES**

Penalties are taken by way of a Tap-Kick in any direction.

Note: If a player chooses to use the Ruck Ball action instead of taking the Tap-Kick it is still deemed as a Tap-Kick.

8.1 A Penalty shall be awarded against any player who is guilty of misconduct, unless Advantage can be played by the non-offending team in accordance with these Laws. All Penalties or Changeovers awarded for infringements/Taggings that take place within five (5) metres of the offending team's tryline shall be awarded five (5) metres out from that team's tryline.

8.2 If a Penalty is not taken on the mark designated by the referee, play will stop and the ball returned to the mark. The Penalty is then retaken.

8.3 The offending team must retire ten (10) metres (or to the defending team's tryline) from where the Penalty is to be taken.

8.4 Further misconduct by the offending team shall allow the referee to advance the mark once only, by ten (10) metres but only up to five (5) meters from opposing team's tryline.

**LAW 9: DUTIES OF REFEREE**

9.1 The referee is responsible for ensuring the Laws of the game are adhered to. The referee is the sole judge of fact.

9.2 The referee shall record the score and all tries scored during the match. He/she shall be the sole timekeeper except where this duty has been delegated to another person. (the Referee will note which team scored the first try for playoffs and finals purposes)

The referee at his/her discretion, can temporarily suspend or prematurely terminate a match because of adverse weather, undue interference from spectators, misbehaviour of players, or any other cause as he/she sees fit that interferes with the control or safety of the game.

## **LAW 10: FOUL PLAY**

10.1 All players are under the control of the referee from the time they enter the Field of Play to the time they leave. In the event of misconduct by a player, the referee shall, at his / her discretion, caution, sin-bin or dismiss the player.

10.2 A caution may be administered to a team as a whole or to an individual player. If a caution is given to a team, each team player is considered to have received an individual caution. If a final caution is given to a player, the nature of the offence must be recorded by the referee and must be quoted if the player is subsequently dismissed.

10.3 When a final caution is administered to a player or team who has consistently breached the rules of the game the referee shall advise the captain so that the latter may, if he / she wishes, replace the player.

10.4 The referee has the power to sin-bin (temporarily suspend) a player and the length of player suspension is five (5) minutes. A sin-binned player cannot take part in the match and cannot be replaced for the duration of the suspension and shall re-enter the playing field only when permitted to do so by the referee.

10.5 The sin-bin may be used for the following incidents:

- (a) Blatant disregard for the laws.
- (b) Continued rule infringements.
- (c) Back-chat, dissent or sledging.
- (d) Repeated or deliberate contact infringements.
- (e) Fighting.
- (f) Cynical Infringements.

10.6 The referee may issue a red card to a player and dismiss that player for the remainder of the game if he/she deems the offence to be serious enough. If a player is dismissed from the field he/she shall stand suspended until the referee's report is received by the Edmonton Tag Rugby. The incident will then be dealt with according to the Edmonton Tag Rugby disciplinary procedure.

10.7 A player who is dismissed/sent off shall take no further participation in the game nor shall he/she be permitted to take up a position likely to provoke further incidents.

10.8 A Player is guilty of misconduct and shall be penalised if he/she:

- (a) Trips, kicks or strikes another player.
- (b) When effecting or attempting to effect a tag makes contact with any part of an opponents body intentionally, recklessly or carelessly.
- (c) Deliberately breaks the Laws of the game.
- (d) Uses offensive or obscene language.

- (e) Disputes the decision of the referee.
- (f) Re-enters the field-of-play without the permission of the referee.
- (g) Behaves in any way contrary to the true spirit of the game.
- (h) Deliberately obstructs/impedes an opponent who is not in possession of the ball

10.9 If a referee is assaulted or unduly harassed by any person as a result of a match under his/her control the referee shall submit a report of the incident to the Edmonton Rugby Union.

10.10 All sin binned players shall surrender their “tags” to the referee for the duration of the sin binned time. Sin binned players will retrieve their tags from the referee at the conclusion of their sin binned time. All players sent off i.e. shown a red card, must surrender their tags to the referee before leaving the playing area.

Please Remember: All teams must register prior to their game each week

### **SAFETY**

**WARM UP:** Please ensure you warm-up and stretch to avoid injuries.

### **Appendix 1**

The purpose of this Appendix is to highlight differences in the Laws applicable to the men’s, veterans” and mixed games.

In the mixed games, a Try scored by a female player shall be worth three (3) points and a Try scored by a male player shall be worth one (1) point.

#### Team Composition

If, in the event of a team in the mixed game not having the required number of females (less than three) and both Captains agree the game can be played with a greater number of male players. This shall not apply in respect of Play-Offs, Semi-Finals or Finals.